We claim:

1. A compound of formula (I),

wherein:

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 $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ , and  $R_6$  are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, alkoxy  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl, -OR<sub>c</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, and -N(R<sub>c</sub>)<sub>2</sub>;

each  $R_c$  is independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl;

 $R_7$  is  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl, or  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl, all of which are optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heteroaryl, wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkyl are optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl;

 $R_8$  and  $R_9$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl, wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from halogen, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heteroaryl group, wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkyl are optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl; and

pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof.

- 2. A compound according to claim 1, wherein: $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ , and  $R_6$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  $-N(R_c)_2$ , and  $-NO_2$ .
- 3. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R<sub>7</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, optionally substituted with aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heteroaryl, wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, and C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl.
- 4. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R<sub>8</sub> and R<sub>9</sub> are independently selected from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, wherein said alkyl group is optionally substituted with aryl, and

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wherein said aryl is optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from halogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl.

5. A compound according to claim 1, wherein:

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub> are independently selected from hydrogen, -NH<sub>2</sub>; and -NO<sub>2</sub>; R<sub>7</sub> is 4-fluorobenzyl, (5-chlorothien-2-yl)methyl, 3-chloro-2-fluorobenzyl, benzyl, 4-methylbenzyl, 2,4-difluorobenzyl, 3-chloro-2,6-difluorobenzyl, or 3-chlorobenzyl; and R<sub>8</sub> and R<sub>9</sub> are independently selected from hydrogen, methyl, and benzyl.

10 6. A compound according to claim 1, wherein:

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are hydrogen;

R<sub>7</sub> is –CH<sub>2</sub>phenyl, wherein said phenyl is substituted with at least one substitutent chosen from fluorine and chlorine;

R<sub>8</sub> is hydrogen or -CH<sub>3</sub>; and

15 R<sub>9</sub> is hydrogen or –CH<sub>3</sub>.

7. A compound according to claim 1, wherein:

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are hydrogen;

 $R_4$  is  $-NO_2$  or  $-NH_2$ ;

20 R<sub>7</sub> is –CH<sub>2</sub>phenyl, wherein said phenyl is substituted with at least one substitutent chosen from fluorine and chlorine;

R<sub>8</sub> is hydrogen or -CH<sub>3</sub>; and

R<sub>9</sub> is hydrogen or -CH<sub>3</sub>.

25 8. A compound according to claim 1, wherein:

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are hydrogen;

R<sub>7</sub> is –CH<sub>2</sub>phenyl, wherein said phenyl is substituted with at least one substitutent chosen from fluorine and chlorine; and

R<sub>8</sub> and R<sub>9</sub> are hydrogen.

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9. A compound according to claim 1, wherein:

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are hydrogen;

R<sub>7</sub> is –CH<sub>2</sub>phenyl, wherein said phenyl is substituted with at least one substitutent chosen from fluorine and chlorine; and

35  $R_8$  and  $R_9$  are  $-CH_3$ .

10. A compound according to claim 1, wherein:

 $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  are hydrogen;

R<sub>7</sub> is -CH<sub>2</sub>phenyl, wherein said phenyl is substituted with at least one substitutent chosen from fluorine and chlorine;

R<sub>8</sub> is hydrogen; and

5  $R_9$  is  $-CH_3$ .

11. A compound according to claim 1, wherein:

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are hydrogen;

 $R_7$  is  $-CH_2$ phenyl, wherein said phenyl is substituted with at least one substitutent chosen from fluorine and chlorine;

R<sub>8</sub> is -CH<sub>3</sub>; and

R<sub>9</sub> is hydrogen.

- A compound according to claim 1, selected from 9-(4-fluorobenzyl)-N-hydroxy-9H-β-12. 15 carboline-3-carboxamide; 9-[(5-chlorothien-2-yl)methyl]-N-hydroxy-9H-β-carboline-3carboxamide; 9-(3-chloro-2-fluorobenzyl)-N-hydroxy-9H-β-carboline-3-carboxamide; 9-Benzyl-N-hydroxy-9H-β-carboline-3-carboxamide; 9-(4-methylbenzyl)- N-Hydroxy-9H-β-carboline-3carboxamide; 9-(2,4-difluorobenzyl)-N-hydroxy-9H-β-carboline-3-carboxamide; 9-(3-chloro-2,6difluorobenzyl)-N-hydroxy-9H-β-carboline-3-carboxamide; 6-amino-9-(3-chlorobenzyl)-N-20 hydroxy-9H-β-carboline-3-carboxamide; 9-(3-chloro-2,6-difluorobenzyl)-N-methoxy-9H-βcarboline-3-carboxamide; N-(benzyloxy)-9-(3-chloro-2,6-difluorobenzyl)-9H-β-carboline-3carboxamide; 9-(3-chloro-2,6-difluorobenzyl)-N-hydroxy-N-methyl-9H-β-carboline-3carboxamide; N-benzyl-9-(3-chloro-2,6-difluorobenzyl)-N-hydroxy-9H-β-carboline-3carboxamide; 9-(4-fluorobenzyl)-N-hydroxy-N-methyl-9H-β-carboline-3-carboxamide; and 25 pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof.
  - 13. A compound of formula (lb),

$$R_4$$
 $R_5$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_1$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_1$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_1$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_1$ 
 $R_1$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $R_3$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_1$ 

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wherein:

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 $R_1$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ , and  $R_6$  are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl, -OR<sub>c</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, and -N(R<sub>c</sub>)<sub>2</sub>;

each  $R_c$  is independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl;

 $R_7$  is  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl, or  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl, all of which are optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heteroaryl, wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkyl are optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl;

 $R_9$  is independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl, wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from halogen, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heteroaryl group, wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkyl are optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl;

each  $R_{10}$  and  $R_{11}$  are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl, -OR<sub>c</sub>, or -N( $R_c$ )<sub>2</sub> group, wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from halogen, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heteroaryl group, wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with at least one substituent independently selected from halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl;

n is 1, 2 or 3; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof.

- 25 14. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising a therapeutically effective amount of at least one compound according to claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, diluent, or vehicle.
- A pharmaceutical composition, comprising a therapeutically effective amount of at least
   one compound according to claim 12 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, diluent, or
   vehicle.
  - 16. A method of inhibiting or modulating the activity of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) integrase enzyme, comprising contacting said enzyme with an effective amount of at least one compound according to claim 1.

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- 17. A method of inhibiting or modulating the activity of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) integrase enzyme, comprising contacting said enzyme with an effective amount of at least one compound according to claim 12.
- 5 18. A method of treating a disease or condition mediated by human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) integrase enzyme, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of at least one compound according to claim 1.
- 19. A method of treating a disease or condition mediated by human immunodeficiency virus
   10 (HIV) integrase enzyme, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of at least one compound according to claim 12.
  - 20. A method of inhibiting the replication of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) in a mammal, comprising administering a human immunodeficiency virus-inhibiting amount of a compound according to claim 1 to said mammal.
  - 21. A method of inhibiting the replication of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) in a mammal, comprising administering a human immunodeficiency virus-inhibiting amount of a compound according to claim 12.
  - 22. A method of inhibiting the activity of the HIV integrase enzyme, comprising contacting said enzyme with a HIV integrase enzyme-inhibiting amount of a compound according to claim 1.
- 23. A method of inhibiting the activity of the HIV integrase enzyme, comprising contacting said enzyme with a HIV integrase enzyme-inhibiting amount of a compound according to claim 12.